

MIROS OIL SPILL DETECTION AUTOMATIC OIL SPILL SURVEILLANCE & TRACKING FOR FAST & EFFICIENT SPILL RECOVERY



The Miros Oil Spill Detection (OSD) system is a world-leading solution for oil spill surveillance and recovery. This proven technology provides round-the-clock surveillance with automatic spill detection.

Once a spill is detected, Miros OSD can switch its priorities to handle the dynamic and shifting environment of an oil spill recovery operation. The system automatically tracks spills as they develop and drift, facilitating swift and efficient recovery efforts and guiding the optimal positioning of booms, skimmers and dispersant.

KEY FEATURES

- Automatic oil spill detection
- Automatic oil spill tracking
- IR & optical camera integration
- Historical data with playback mode

ESSENTIAL FOR

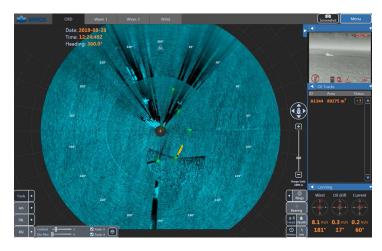
- Round-the-clock oil spill surveillance
- Fast and efficient recovery of oil spills
- Efficient deployment of boom/skimmers

- High sensitivity & low false alarm rate
- Operational in low visibility, day or night
- AIS targets, wind, current and wave data
- Access data locally & remotely
- Post-incident analysis
- Spatial positioning & thickness estimation
- Avoiding environmental catastrophe

OSD 5.10 04.05.20







The graphical user interface shows present and historical oil spill detections. Wind and ocean current data, as well as oil drift direction and speed, are also displayed. The addition of wave information is optional. Miros OSD receives data input from X-band marine radars, optional IR/optical cameras. and existing wind, GPS, gyro and AIS sensors.

Positions and shapes of radar detections are overlaid by AIS targets and drift buoys.

The optional addition of IR and optical cameras can aid operators in the verification of oil spill detections, the identification of the thickest parts of the spill, and estimation of spill thickness and volume.

Historic radar imagery can be played back providing a clear insight into an oil spill's development as well as serving as a recording of the contingency efforts undertaken.

Alarms are managed with configurable thresholds, operator acknowledgement and alarm history.

SPECIFICATIONS

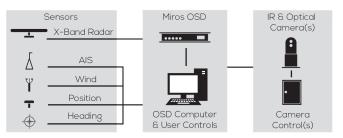
Detection Mode Surveillance Mode: Recovery Mode: **Characteristic** Low false alarm probability High detection probability

Detection range by radar (typical range, depending on antenna height and local wind conditions):

Radar Pulse Mode	Pulse Length	Range _{MAX}
Short Pulse:	50 - 80 ns	2 - 4 km
Medium Pulse::	250 - 300 ns	4 - 7 km

IR camera range (typical range, depending on camera height and local atmospheric conditions)

Target	Size	Range_{max} 0,9 - 6,0 km
Detect Person:	1,8 x 0,5 m	0,8 - 1,2 km
Detect Boat:	4,0 x 1,5 m	2,2 - 3,9 km
Tracking		
Radar:		tiple oil spill targets
Camera:		oil spill targets, AIS ets and drift buoys
Input Interfaces		
Gyro Heading:		NMEA-0183
GPS Position, Time:		NMEA-0183
Wind:		NMEA-0183
AIS:		NMEA-0183
X-Band Radar Interface		
Ant. Beam Width:	1.3° or le	ss (6 feet or more)
Ant. Rot. Speed:		> 15 RPM
Ant. Mount. Height:		m above sea level
Pulse Mode:		ulse (50 - 80 ns) or
Dulso Dop. Fraguapav	medium pi	ulse (250 - 300 ns) 1000 Hz or higher
Pulse Rep. Frequency: Output Power:		1000 H2 of Higher 10 kW or more
Radar Signals:	Raw	video, sync, heading
		harker and azimuth



Output Interfaces

Alarm:

Ethernet, FTP on TCP/IP Visual, sound

100-240 VAC 50-60 Hz

(basic system)

Nom: 250 W, max 300 W

OSD using an existing radar

Environmental specifications outdoor equipment

Temperature:	-30°C to +50°C
Humidity:	0 – 100 % RH condensing
IP (Outdoor Equipment):	56

Electrical Data

Supply Voltage: Power Consumption:

Ordering Information

Basic System: Additional Radar Option:

IR Option:

Dedicated Radar:

Software Options:

Integration of second existing radar Up to 8 gyro-stabilised, dual cameras with IR and daylight sensors Horizontal or vertical antenna polarization, 12 kW or 25 kW transceiver, 6,5' or 8' antenna(s), 24 RPM or 42 RPM

Multiclient system, wave measurement

Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

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Antenna Polarisation:



Vertical or horizontal

www.miros-group.com